Finding the Right Hill to Die On

A look at Gavin Ortlund's book on theological triage

Chapter 6-Why We Should Not Divide over Tertiary Doctrines

those that relate to the are those that while no not forming the dividi	fee those that are	ce of Jesus' life and work. l, are very closely tied to it.	Second-rank doctrines These doctrines, while
impo	tertiary doctrines) are those biblertance and do not warrant the brold with conviction but these are	reaking of fellowship with o	~ ~
"I would sugg patience far n	gest that a wise theologian, like of the frequently than by action. far as to say that the majority of	a wise military general, wil Most of the battles you coul	ld fight, you shouldn't.
	er tertiary issues is unhelpful. Bu s is even worse."	ıt fighting over tertiary issu	es while neglecting
Ortlund then will give	two examples of third-rank doc on.	etrines: the	& the
aspects of cre Thus, many e and the natur resurrection, 'creation war goodness and	ical irony that American evange ation and eschatology while ign vangelicals focus more on the tive of the millennium than they do or the final judgment. Similarly s' but have never given any sust contingency of creation, on whall to a Christian worldview."	toring the more central aspending of the rapture, the ident on the second coming of Common, many evangelicals are intental to the more	ects of these doctrines. ntity of the anti-Christ, hrist, the final imately familiar with the e basic questions about
	aldn't divide over theying is important. However, thi		
•	ings to consider when thinking a	-	nderstand while this is a
	nium, is explicitly taught in only coming in perhaps the most diffi		
-	rine of the millennium makes sig than do the second rank doctri		ference to the Christian
"Sometimes church h	istory can help us identify where	e our theological bandwidth	differs from other

Christians. That is the case with the millennium. Specifically, the default American evangelical posture

toward premillennialism is somewhat eccentric when seen against the backdrop of the global and historical church."
Why Christians shouldn't divide over the creationWhat we believe about Genesis 1 is important. However, there are about the creation account that we can disagree on and still maintain fellowship.
Ortlund spends this section showing many examples from church history of conservative pastors and theologians who have not understood Genesis 1 to be referring to six days (Augustine, Machen, Warfield, Spurgeon, Chalmers, Bavinck, Stott). These men were not all in agreement on how to best understand Genesis 1, but it is interesting to consider that these names are some of the greatest preachers and theologians in the history of the church.
He concludes this section by writing, "We can happily coexist within the church amid differences on this issue. Our unity in the gospel is not at stake. Instead, we should put more focus on the aspects of creation that Christians have classically emphasized and that are distinctive to a broadly Judeo-Christian worldview, such as creation ex nihilo, the historicity of the fall, and the fact that human beings are made in God's image. These are better hills to die on."
"We should eagerly pursue the kind of theological conviction and strength that is willing not only to fight for the truth but also to avoid fighting in order to promote the gospel. This is the best kind of strength."
Conclusion
We must remember the absolute necessity of in the Christian life.
"The greatest impediment to theological triage is not a lack of theological skill or savvy but a lack of humility."

"In life and theology, it is usually not sheer ignorance that causes the most intractable problems but ignorance about ignorance...Humility teaches us to navigate life with sensitivity to the distinction between what we don't know and what we don't know that we don't know. This encourages us to engage in theological disagreement with careful listening, a willingness to learn, and openness to receiving new information or adjusting our perspective."

"Our zeal for theology must never exceed our zeal for our actual brothers and sisters in Christ. We must be marked by love...In the New Testament, humility is the pathway to unity (Philippians 2:2-11)."