Finding the Right Hill to Die On

A look at Gavin Ortlund's book on theological triage

The Bible contains many different doctrines. All of these biblical doctrines are important. However, not all of these doctrines are of importance. Some doctrines are more important than others.
"Doctrines have different kinds of importance. Some hills are worth dying on. Others are not."
The whole concept of triage is built around addressing those circumstances that are most urgent. So, theological triage is the process of ordering doctrines based upon their urgency. Some doctrines are absolutely crucial for a person to believe in order to bethey are very urgent. Other doctrines, while being important, are not crucial to one's salvation before God. Therefore, there must be a prioritization of doctrine.
As this book begins Ortlund, in the first two chapters, examines two reasons why theological triage is not properly done. He writes, "Sometimes we flatten out all doctrine-either because we want to fight about everything or because we want to fight about nothing." Chapter 1 is given to the first of these two errors.
Chapter 1-The Danger of Doctrinal Sectarianism
Christianity requires It is good to have convictions, even strong convictions. However, it is also good to be tender and kind. It is right to stand for truth. It is also right to be gentle and patient and wisdom are greatly needed to live the Christian life. We must learn when to stand and fight, when to thoughtfully consider the arguments of others, and when to lovingly disagree.
We must not be as spineless like a jellyfish. But we must also not be as hard and unbending as a diamond.
"Martin Luther noted, 'Softness and hardnessare the two main faults from which all the mistakes of pastors come."
Are all doctrines created equal? He answers this question by first examining another issue, the issue of sin. Are all sins equally bad before God? The answer to this is "Yes" & "No".
All sins make a person before God. However, the Bible does distinguish some sins from others. Jesus talks about "weightier matters of the law" (Matthew 23:23). Moses distinguishes between "unintentional" verses "high-handed" sins. The apostle John declares that some sins "lead to death". Paul also places sexual immorality in a different realm at the end of 1 Cor. 6.
The reformers also agreed that some sins in the eyes of God are "more heinous" than others.
In a similar way, while all doctrines are, some are more important than others.
"It might initially sound good to say 'all doctrines are equally important,' but it is a difficult statement to justify biblically. Paul, for instance, speaks of the gospel as a matter of 'first importance' (1 Cor. 15:3)."
Understanding this is important for many reasons but one main reason is to help protect the of the church.

"Equating all doctrines leads to unnecessary division and undermines the unity of the church. Historically, theologians in the Reformed tradition have often drawn a distinction between essential and nonessential beliefs out of concern for the unity of the church."

Similarly, doctrinal	differ in levels of severity.
"There are differen	nt kinds of theological errors, with corresponding levels of severity."
	is worthy of Also, not every biblical error is worthy of the cussed how if we divided over every nonessential matter, pretty soon there
_	renuously and at great length against the sin of schism, emphasizing that the be mixed and imperfect until judgment day, and that much separatism comes han holiness."
	is Essential to the Mission of the Church-Christians should put much value Ortlund writes, "If we value the cross, we should value the unity of the
	ch is, the less the church will be in the world. Jesus prays e one, just as you, Father, are in me, and I in you, that they also may be in us, we that you have sent me."
	church does not mean that we should stop caring about theology. Butif we ad embrace all those who belong to Him. To leave off loving the people of Christ himself."
	ortant Doctrines Harms the Godliness of the Church- "We must go even mism harms not only the unity of the church but also the holiness of the
	we another and instead only quarrel this is evidence of a spirit that is st. We can so deceive ourselves that we will actually "baptize" our anti-Christ hteousness.
-	nd fault-finding spirit is one of Satan's principal means to discourage love " (quotes on page 41)
"Theological zeal	must be subjected to the test of love. Not all zeal is from God."
self-justification to ride sho	he Gospel- Unnecessary division is often a heart issue. It is easy for a spirit of otgun with our secondary distinctives. Much doctrinal separatism stems from logical distinctives when we should be finding it in the gospel."
Our of and fellowship with other saints	with Christ should keep us from quickly and easily breaking s.
our deepest level of emotion whom we will ultimately and	althy symptoms of doctrinal sectarianism in our hearts, we need to return to nal loyalty to Jesus himself. He is the one who died for us. He is the one to aswer, and his business is what we are about in the first place. Jesus alone is mitment, and all other doctrines find their proper place in relation to Him. As

we return to Christ Himself for our deepest placement and identity, He will help us hold our convictions

with both confidence and grace."